

SEMIANNUAL REPORT

FRANKLIN TEMPLETON VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS TRUST

June 30, 2022



FRANKLIN
TEMPLETON

Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust Semiannual Report

Table of Contents

Important Notes to Performance Information	i
Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund	FRD-1
Index Descriptions	I-1
Shareholder Information	SI-1

Not FDIC Insured	May Lose Value	No Bank Guarantee
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Important Notes to Performance Information

Performance data is historical and cannot predict or guarantee future results. Principal value and investment return will fluctuate with market conditions, and you may have a gain or loss when you withdraw your money. Inception dates of the funds may have preceded the effective dates of the subaccounts, contracts or their availability in all states.

When reviewing the index comparisons, please keep in mind that indexes have a number of inherent performance differentials over the funds. First, unlike the funds, which must hold a minimum amount of cash to maintain liquidity, indexes do not have a cash component. Second, the funds are actively managed and, thus, are subject to management fees to cover salaries of securities analysts or portfolio managers in addition to other expenses. Indexes are unmanaged and do not include any commissions or other expenses typically associated with investing in securities. Third, indexes often contain a different mix of securities than the fund to which they are compared. Additionally, please remember that indexes are simply a measure of performance and cannot be invested in directly.

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund

This semiannual report for Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund covers the period ended June 30, 2022.

Class 2 Performance Summary as of June 30, 2022

The Fund's Class 2 Shares posted a -17.68% total return for the six-month period ended June 30, 2022.

*Performance reflects the Fund's Class 2 operating expenses, but does **not** include any contract fees, expenses or sales charges. If they had been included, performance would be lower. These charges and deductions, particularly for variable life policies, can have a significant effect on contract values and insurance benefits. See the contract prospectus for a complete description of these expenses, including sales charges.*

Performance data represent past performance, which does not guarantee future results. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate, and you may have a gain or loss when you sell your shares. Current performance may differ from figures shown.

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund

Fund Goal and Main Investments

The Fund seeks long-term capital appreciation. Preservation of capital, while not a goal, is also an important consideration. Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities, mostly common stocks, of financially sound companies that have paid consistently rising dividends.

Fund Risks

All investments involve risks, including possible loss of principal. Events such as the spread of deadly diseases, disasters, and financial, political or social disruptions, may heighten risks and adversely affect performance. Growth stock prices reflect projections of future earnings or revenues and can fall dramatically if the company fails to meet those projections. Value stocks may not increase in value as anticipated by the Fund or may decline even further if other investors fail to recognize the company's value, or favor investing in faster-growing companies. Companies that have historically paid regular dividends to shareholders may decrease or eliminate dividend payments in the future. Securities issued by small and mid-capitalization companies may be more volatile in price than those of larger companies and may involve additional risks. To the extent that the Fund focuses on particular countries, regions, industries, sectors or types of investment from time to time, the Fund may be subject to greater risks of adverse developments in such areas of focus than a fund that invests in a wider variety of countries, regions, industries, sectors or investments. Investing in foreign securities typically involves more risks than investing in U.S. securities, including risks related to currency exchange rates and policies, country or government specific issues, less favorable trading practices or regulation and greater price volatility. The Fund is actively managed but there is no guarantee that the manager's investment decisions will produce the desired results. The Fund's prospectus also includes a description of the main investment risks.

Russia's military invasion of Ukraine in February 2022, the resulting responses by the United States and other countries, and the potential for wider conflict could increase volatility and uncertainty in the financial markets and adversely affect regional and global economies. The United States and other countries have imposed broad-ranging economic sanctions on Russia and certain Russian individuals, banking entities and corporations as a response to its invasion of Ukraine. The United States and other

countries have also imposed economic sanctions on Belarus and may impose sanctions on other countries that support Russia's military invasion. These sanctions, as well as any other economic consequences related to the invasion, such as additional sanctions, boycotts or changes in consumer or purchaser preferences or cyberattacks on governments, companies or individuals, may further decrease the value and liquidity of certain Russian securities and securities of issuers in other countries that are subject to economic sanctions related to the invasion.

Performance Overview

You can find the Fund's six-month total return in the Performance Summary. In comparison, the Standard & Poor's® 500 Index (S&P 500®) posted a -19.96% total return for the same period.¹ Please note the Fund employs a bottom-up stock selection process, and the managers invest in securities without regard to benchmark comparisons.

Portfolio Composition

6/30/22

	% of Total Net Assets
Software	12.4%
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	9.5%
Chemicals	9.5%
Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	6.1%
IT Services	5.9%
Aerospace & Defense	4.4%
Health Care Providers & Services	3.5%
Pharmaceuticals	3.3%
Specialty Retail	3.2%
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels	3.1%
Household Products	3.1%
Machinery	2.8%
Building Products	2.5%
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	2.4%
Other*	26.8%
Short-Term Investments & Other Net Assets	1.5%

*Categories within the Other category are listed in full in the Fund's Schedule of Investments (SOI), which can be found later in this report.

Economic and Market Overview

U.S. equities, as measured by the Standard & Poor's® 500 Index (S&P 500®), posted a -19.96% total return for the six months ended June 30, 2022.¹ Concerns surrounding higher inflation, geopolitical stability and rising interest

1. Source: Morningstar. One cannot invest directly in an index, and an index is not representative of the Fund's portfolio. Please see Index Descriptions following the Fund Summaries.

The dollar value, number of shares or principal amount, and names of all portfolio holdings are listed in the Fund's Schedule of Investments (SOI).

rates pressured stocks, particularly in the second half of the period. Elevated demand combined with supply chain disruptions led to the highest inflation since 1981 and borrowing costs increased from historically low levels. Russia's invasion of Ukraine injected further uncertainty into financial markets, provoking significant volatility in commodity and equity prices.

Gross domestic product growth contracted in the first quarter of 2022 amid lower investments in inventories and a growing trade deficit. Private domestic investment slowed sharply, while government spending declined in the first quarter. Rising prices precipitated a notable decline in consumer confidence, despite high spending levels.

The inflation rate was elevated during the six-month period amid increased demand and supply chain bottlenecks. U.S. consumer spending on goods remained strong during the first half of the period, adding to pressure on the prices of many products. Energy costs also rose, as oil prices increased significantly, driven by greater global demand and sanctions on Russia, one of the world's largest oil producers. The personal consumption expenditures index, a measure of inflation, rose dramatically during the period, representing the highest 12-month increase in decades. The unemployment rate declined from 3.9% in December 2021 to 3.6% in June 2022, but a relative lack of available workers fueled wage growth, adding to some investors' inflation concerns.

In an effort to control inflation, the U.S. Federal Reserve (Fed) raised the federal funds target rate in March 2022 for the first time since 2018. The Fed raised the federal funds rate again at its subsequent two meetings, accelerating the rate of increase each time to end the period at a range of 1.50%–1.75%. The Fed noted in its June 2022 meeting that inflation remained elevated, as job growth was robust and the unemployment rate remained low. Furthermore, the Fed said it will continue to reduce its bond holdings, and it anticipated instituting further interest-rate increases at future meetings.

Investment Strategy

We are research-driven, fundamental investors. As bottom-up investors focusing primarily on individual securities, we look for companies that we believe meet our criteria and are fundamentally sound and attempt to acquire them at attractive prices. These criteria include consistent, substantial dividend increases; reinvested earnings; and either long-term debt that is no more than 50% of total capitalization or senior debt that has been rated investment grade by at least one of the major bond rating organizations.

In following these criteria, the Fund does not necessarily focus on companies whose securities pay a high dividend rate but rather on companies that consistently increase their dividends.

Manager's Discussion

Over the six-month period through June 30, 2022, the energy sector contributed to performance, while information technology (IT), consumer discretionary and industrials sectors detracted from performance on an absolute basis. Some companies that detracted from absolute performance included Microsoft, Accenture and Target.

Enterprise software company Microsoft detracted as shares continued to decline from record-high levels in late 2021, pressured by concerns of a potential recession, persistent inflation, rising interest rates and a more hawkish U.S. Federal Reserve. Supply chain issues, exacerbated by COVID-19 lockdowns in China, a key chip supplier, also impacted investor sentiment. Microsoft reduced guidance for the second quarter in early June 2022, citing the strength of the U.S. dollar, which could weigh on overseas revenues and profits. Concerns about slowing growth for personal computer shipments and growth for its Office 365 productivity software have risen. However, we continue to believe that the trends of helping business customers move to the cloud and providing workers with productivity tools should support attractive growth over the medium to longer term.

Top 10 Holdings

6/30/22

Company Industry, Country	% of Total Net Assets
Microsoft Corp. <i>Software, United States</i>	8.8%
Roper Technologies, Inc. <i>Software, United States</i>	3.6%
Accenture plc <i>IT Services, United States</i>	3.5%
Linde plc <i>Chemicals, United Kingdom</i>	3.3%
Analog Devices, Inc. <i>Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment, United States</i>	3.1%
UnitedHealth Group, Inc. <i>Health Care Providers & Services, United States</i>	3.0%
Texas Instruments, Inc. <i>Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment, United States</i>	3.0%
Raytheon Technologies Corp. <i>Aerospace & Defense, United States</i>	2.9%
Stryker Corp. <i>Health Care Equipment & Supplies, United States</i>	2.8%
Becton Dickinson and Co.	2.5%

Health Care Equipment & Supplies, United States

Global IT services giant Accenture detracted during the period, declining steadily after posting a record high in December 2021 as technology stocks were pressured by several macroeconomic concerns. The company reported better-than-expected earnings during the period and boosted guidance, which helped reverse the decline for a time. June earnings showed the impact of suspending operations in Russia, while a strengthening U.S. dollar on the Ireland-based company's non-U.S. earnings drove a lower-than-expected revenue estimate that disappointed investors.

Target was an absolute detractor as shares declined sharply during the latter part of the six-month period. The retailer announced quarterly results in May 2022, which came in well below analysts' forecasts, as profits dropped to roughly half of first-quarter 2021 levels despite increased revenues. The company twice cut its outlook during the second quarter, as inflation, supply-chain issues and changing consumer habits weighed on the retail industry. Inventory levels rose sharply. However, in June the company's board of directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$1.08 per common share, a 20% increase from the prior quarter.

In contrast, some companies that contributed to absolute performance included Raytheon Technologies, AbbVie and Chevron.

Aerospace and defense firm Raytheon Technologies was a notable relative contributor. The company reported strong profits that beat consensus estimates in both January and April, backed by strong performance in its aerospace businesses as coronavirus restrictions eased and air travel began to recover, driving demand for commercial aviation parts and equipment. The ongoing geopolitical crisis in Europe and the war in Ukraine also contributed to strong performance among defense contractors during the period.

AbbVie shares reached an all-time high in April after the firm reported results punctuated by better-than-expected sales of its blockbuster biologic treatment Humira, as well as promising test results that could expand treatment for Vuity, a vision drug. Shares retreated later in the period after first-quarter earnings disappointed and the company reduced full-year guidance. We remain positive on the outlook for our investment given what we regard as its low valuation relative to long term earnings and cash flow growth. We are confident that its management will be able to navigate biosimilar erosion to Humira starting in 2023 and are also encouraged by management's strong track record of capital allocation and strategic execution.

Integrated energy firm Chevron saw benefits from higher oil and energy prices and strong demand. In April, the company reported its highest quarterly earnings since 2012. Chevron's free cash flow is higher than it has been in many years amid strong financial results, in part because the company has maintained capital discipline despite strong energy prices, with a focus on dividends and increasing its target for share buybacks. Consensus earnings estimates have risen sharply. Chevron also completed the acquisition of Renewable Energy Group (not a Fund holding before the acquisition) as it continues efforts to grow its lower carbon energy businesses.

Thank you for your participation in Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund. We look forward to continuing to serve your investment needs.

The foregoing information reflects our analysis, opinions and portfolio holdings as of June 30, 2022, the end of the reporting period. The way we implement our main investment strategies and the resulting portfolio holdings may change depending on factors such as market and economic conditions. These opinions may not be relied upon as investment advice or an offer for a particular security. The information is not a complete analysis of every aspect of any market, country, industry, security or the Fund. Statements of fact are from sources considered reliable, but the investment manager makes no representation or warranty as to their completeness or accuracy. Although historical performance is no guarantee of future results, these insights may help you understand our investment management philosophy.

Class 2 Fund Expenses

As an investor in a variable insurance contract (Contract) that indirectly provides for investment in an underlying mutual fund, you can incur transaction and/or ongoing expenses at both the Fund level and the Contract Level: (1) transaction expenses can include sales charges (loads) on purchases, surrender fees, transfer fees and premium taxes; and (2) ongoing expenses can include management fees, distribution and service (12b-1) fees, contract fees, annual maintenance fees, mortality and expense risk fees and other fees and expenses. All mutual funds and Contracts have some types of ongoing expenses. The table below shows Fund-level ongoing expenses and can help you understand these costs and compare them with those of other mutual funds offered through the Contract. The table assumes a \$1,000 investment held for the six months indicated. Please refer to the Fund prospectus for additional information on operating expenses.

Actual Fund Expenses

The table below provides information about the actual account values and actual expenses in the columns under the heading "Actual." In these columns the Fund's actual return, which includes the effect of ongoing Fund expenses but does not include the effect of ongoing Contract expenses, is used to calculate the "Ending Account Value." You can estimate the Fund-level expenses you paid during the period by following these steps (*of course, your account value and expenses will differ from those in this illustration*): Divide your account value by \$1,000 (*if your account had an \$8,600 value, then $\$8,600 \div \$1,000 = 8.6$*). Then multiply the result by the number under the headings "Actual" and "Fund-Level Expenses Paid During Period" (*if Fund-Level Expenses Paid During Period were \$7.50, then $8.6 \times \$7.50 = \64.50*). In this illustration, the estimated expenses paid this period at the Fund level are \$64.50.

Hypothetical Example for Comparison with Other Mutual Funds

Under the heading "Hypothetical" in the table, information is provided about hypothetical account values and hypothetical expenses based on the Fund's actual expense ratio and an assumed rate of return of 5% per year before expenses, which is not the Fund's actual return. This information may not be used to estimate the actual ending account balance or expenses you paid for the period, but it can help you compare ongoing costs of investing in the Fund with those of other mutual funds offered through the Contract. To do so, compare this 5% hypothetical example with the 5% hypothetical examples that appear in the shareholder reports of other funds offered through the Contract.

Please note that expenses shown in the table are meant to highlight ongoing costs at the Fund level only and do not reflect any ongoing expenses at the Contract level, or transaction expenses at either the Fund or Contract levels. In addition, while the Fund does not have transaction expenses, if the transaction and ongoing expenses at the Contract level were included, the expenses shown below would be higher. You should consult your Contract prospectus or disclosure document for more information.

Share Class	Beginning Account Value 1/1/22	Actual (actual return after expenses)		Hypothetical (5% annual return before expenses)		Net Annualized Expense Ratio ²
		Ending Account Value 6/30/22	Fund-Level Expenses Paid During Period 1/1/22–6/30/22 ^{1,2}	Ending Account Value 6/30/22	Fund-Level Expenses Paid During Period 1/1/22–6/30/22 ^{1,2}	
2	\$1,000	\$823.20	\$4.02	\$1,020.39	\$4.45	0.89%

1. Expenses are equal to the annualized expense ratio for the six-month period as indicated above—in the far right column—multiplied by the simple average account value over the period indicated, and then multiplied by 181/365 to reflect the one-half year period.

2. Reflects expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements. Does not include acquired fund fees and expenses.

Financial Highlights

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 (unaudited)	Year Ended December 31,				
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Class 1						
Per share operating performance						
(for a share outstanding throughout the period)						
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$36.74	\$30.17	\$27.90	\$25.75	\$29.21	\$25.51
Income from investment operations ^a						
Net investment income ^b	0.18	0.30	0.32	0.37	0.39	0.40
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	(6.65)	7.68	3.76	6.77	(1.65)	4.76
Total from investment operations	(6.47)	7.98	4.08	7.14	(1.26)	5.16
Less distributions from:						
Net investment income	(0.35)	(0.35)	(0.41)	(0.45)	(0.44)	(0.48)
Net realized gains	(4.01)	(1.06)	(1.40)	(4.54)	(1.76)	(0.98)
Total distributions	(4.36)	(1.41)	(1.81)	(4.99)	(2.20)	(1.46)
Net asset value, end of period	\$25.91	\$36.74	\$30.17	\$27.90	\$25.75	\$29.21
Total return ^c	(17.57)%	27.10%	16.23%	29.58%	(4.84)%	20.85%
Ratios to average net assets^d						
Expenses ^{e,f}	0.64%	0.63%	0.65%	0.63%	0.62%	0.62%
Net investment income	1.08%	0.90%	1.20%	1.34%	1.38%	1.49%
Supplemental data						
Net assets, end of period (000's)	\$107,823	\$141,433	\$156,585	\$150,864	\$157,838	\$216,015
Portfolio turnover rate	6.26%	3.92%	12.83%	7.26% ^g	3.09% ^g	3.36%

^aThe amount shown for a share outstanding throughout the period may not correlate with the Statement of Operations for the period due to the timing of sales and repurchases of the Fund's shares in relation to income earned and/or fluctuating fair value of the investments of the Fund.

^bBased on average daily shares outstanding.

^cTotal return does not include fees, charges or expenses imposed by the variable annuity and life insurance contracts for which Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust serves as an underlying investment vehicle. Total return is not annualized for periods less than one year.

^dRatios are annualized for periods less than one year.

^eBenefit of expense reduction rounds to less than 0.01%.

^fBenefit of waiver and payments by affiliates rounds to less than 0.01%.

^gExcludes the value of portfolio activity as a result of in-kind transactions.

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund (continued)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 (unaudited)	Year Ended December 31,				
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Class 2						
Per share operating performance						
(for a share outstanding throughout the period)						
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$35.42	\$29.14	\$26.99	\$25.04	\$28.46	\$24.89
Income from investment operations ^a						
Net investment income ^b	0.13	0.21	0.24	0.29	0.31	0.33
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	(6.41)	7.41	3.65	6.57	(1.61)	4.63
Total from investment operations	(6.28)	7.62	3.89	6.86	(1.30)	4.96
Less distributions from:						
Net investment income	(0.25)	(0.28)	(0.33)	(0.37)	(0.36)	(0.41)
Net realized gains	(4.01)	(1.06)	(1.41)	(4.54)	(1.76)	(0.98)
Total distributions	(4.26)	(1.34)	(1.74)	(4.91)	(2.12)	(1.39)
Net asset value, end of period	\$24.88	\$35.42	\$29.14	\$26.99	\$25.04	\$28.46
Total return ^c	(17.68)%	26.79%	15.97%	29.23%	(5.07)%	20.56%
Ratios to average net assets^d						
Expenses ^{e,f}	0.89%	0.88%	0.90%	0.88%	0.87%	0.87%
Net investment income	0.82%	0.66%	0.95%	1.09%	1.13%	1.24%
Supplemental data						
Net assets, end of period (000's)	\$1,073,009	\$1,513,905	\$1,365,745	\$1,387,688	\$1,106,334	\$1,640,883
Portfolio turnover rate	6.26%	3.92%	12.83%	7.26% ^g	3.09% ^g	3.36%

^aThe amount shown for a share outstanding throughout the period may not correlate with the Statement of Operations for the period due to the timing of sales and repurchases of the Fund's shares in relation to income earned and/or fluctuating fair value of the investments of the Fund.

^bBased on average daily shares outstanding.

^cTotal return does not include fees, charges or expenses imposed by the variable annuity and life insurance contracts for which Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust serves as an underlying investment vehicle. Total return is not annualized for periods less than one year.

^dRatios are annualized for periods less than one year.

^eBenefit of expense reduction rounds to less than 0.01%.

^fBenefit of waiver and payments by affiliates rounds to less than 0.01%.

^gExcludes the value of portfolio activity as a result of in-kind transactions.

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund (continued)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 (unaudited)	Year Ended December 31,				
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Class 4						
Per share operating performance						
(for a share outstanding throughout the period)						
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$35.49	\$29.22	\$27.08	\$25.11	\$28.54	\$24.98
Income from investment operations ^a						
Net investment income ^b	0.12	0.18	0.22	0.26	0.29	0.30
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	(6.42)	7.42	3.65	6.60	(1.62)	4.65
Total from investment operations	(6.30)	7.60	3.87	6.86	(1.33)	4.95
Less distributions from:						
Net investment income	(0.25)	(0.27)	(0.32)	(0.35)	(0.34)	(0.41)
Net realized gains	(4.01)	(1.06)	(1.41)	(4.54)	(1.76)	(0.98)
Total distributions	(4.26)	(1.33)	(1.73)	(4.89)	(2.10)	(1.39)
Net asset value, end of period	\$24.93	\$35.49	\$29.22	\$27.08	\$25.11	\$28.54
Total return ^c	(17.71)%	26.63%	15.85%	29.16%	(5.16)%	20.40%
Ratios to average net assets^d						
Expenses ^{e,f}	0.99%	0.98%	1.00%	0.98%	0.97%	0.97%
Net investment income	0.74%	0.56%	0.85%	0.99%	1.03%	1.14%
Supplemental data						
Net assets, end of period (000's)	\$63,638	\$72,589	\$51,137	\$46,539	\$32,825	\$36,407
Portfolio turnover rate	6.26%	3.92%	12.83%	7.26% ^g	3.09% ^g	3.36%

^aThe amount shown for a share outstanding throughout the period may not correlate with the Statement of Operations for the period due to the timing of sales and repurchases of the Fund's shares in relation to income earned and/or fluctuating fair value of the investments of the Fund.

^bBased on average daily shares outstanding.

^cTotal return does not include fees, charges or expenses imposed by the variable annuity and life insurance contracts for which Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust serves as an underlying investment vehicle. Total return is not annualized for periods less than one year.

^dRatios are annualized for periods less than one year.

^eBenefit of expense reduction rounds to less than 0.01%.

^fBenefit of waiver and payments by affiliates rounds to less than 0.01%.

^gExcludes the value of portfolio activity as a result of in-kind transactions.

Schedule of Investments (unaudited), June 30, 2022

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund

	Country	Shares	Value
Common Stocks 98.5%			
Aerospace & Defense 4.4%			
General Dynamics Corp.	United States	83,052	\$18,375,255
Raytheon Technologies Corp.	United States	380,146	36,535,832
			54,911,087
Air Freight & Logistics 2.3%			
United Parcel Service, Inc., B	United States	154,517	28,205,533
Banks 1.2%			
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	United States	136,025	15,317,775
Beverages 2.0%			
PepsiCo, Inc.	United States	146,930	24,487,354
Biotechnology 1.7%			
AbbVie, Inc.	United States	138,836	21,264,122
Building Products 2.5%			
Carlisle Cos., Inc.	United States	58,602	13,983,023
Johnson Controls International plc.	United States	363,610	17,409,647
			31,392,670
Capital Markets 1.2%			
Nasdaq, Inc.	United States	95,500	14,567,570
Chemicals 9.5%			
Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.	United States	125,467	30,172,304
Albemarle Corp.	United States	116,410	24,327,362
Ecolab, Inc.	United States	96,509	14,839,224
Linde plc.	United Kingdom	143,832	41,356,015
Sherwin-Williams Co. (The)	United States	34,800	7,792,068
			118,486,973
Commercial Services & Supplies 1.9%			
Cintas Corp.	United States	63,772	23,820,755
Electrical Equipment 0.7%			
nVent Electric plc	United States	264,326	8,281,334
Food & Staples Retailing 1.3%			
Walmart, Inc.	United States	137,308	16,693,907
Food Products 2.0%			
McCormick & Co., Inc.	United States	226,094	18,822,325
Mondelez International, Inc., A.	United States	93,600	5,811,624
			24,633,949
Health Care Equipment & Supplies 9.5%			
Abbott Laboratories.	United States	240,895	26,173,242
Becton Dickinson and Co.	United States	127,215	31,362,314
Medtronic plc	United States	287,154	25,772,071
Stryker Corp.	United States	178,145	35,438,385
			118,746,012
Health Care Providers & Services 3.5%			
CVS Health Corp.	United States	68,493	6,346,561
UnitedHealth Group, Inc.	United States	73,100	37,546,353
			43,892,914
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure 2.4%			
McDonald's Corp.	United States	99,999	24,687,753

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund (continued)

	Country	Shares	Value
Common Stocks (continued)			
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure (continued)			
Starbucks Corp.	United States	73,400	\$5,607,026
			30,294,779
Household Products 3.1%			
Colgate-Palmolive Co.	United States	192,340	15,414,128
Procter & Gamble Co. (The)	United States	156,794	22,545,409
			37,959,537
Industrial Conglomerates 2.2%			
Honeywell International, Inc.	United States	159,975	27,805,255
Insurance 0.8%			
Erie Indemnity Co., A.	United States	49,070	9,430,763
IT Services 5.9%			
Accenture plc, A	United States	157,478	43,723,767
Visa, Inc., A.	United States	152,462	30,018,243
			73,742,010
Life Sciences Tools & Services 2.3%			
Danaher Corp.	United States	12,900	3,270,408
West Pharmaceutical Services, Inc.	United States	84,401	25,520,330
			28,790,738
Machinery 2.8%			
Donaldson Co., Inc.	United States	143,697	6,917,574
Dover Corp.	United States	141,788	17,201,720
Pentair plc	United States	224,794	10,288,821
			34,408,115
Multiline Retail 1.8%			
Target Corp.	United States	162,137	22,898,609
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels 3.1%			
Chevron Corp.	United States	115,894	16,779,133
EOG Resources, Inc.	United States	109,861	12,133,049
Exxon Mobil Corp.	United States	114,261	9,785,312
			38,697,494
Pharmaceuticals 3.3%			
Johnson & Johnson	United States	150,529	26,720,403
Pfizer, Inc.	United States	262,315	13,753,175
			40,473,578
Road & Rail 2.2%			
JB Hunt Transport Services, Inc.	United States	66,830	10,523,720
Norfolk Southern Corp.	United States	72,547	16,489,208
			27,012,928
Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment 6.1%			
Analog Devices, Inc.	United States	263,819	38,541,318
Texas Instruments, Inc.	United States	240,968	37,024,733
			75,566,051
Software 12.4%			
Microsoft Corp.	United States	425,028	109,159,941
Roper Technologies, Inc.	United States	114,583	45,220,181
			154,380,122

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund (continued)

	Country	Shares	Value
Common Stocks (continued)			
Specialty Retail 3.2%			
Lowe's Cos., Inc.	United States	146,600	\$25,606,622
Ross Stores, Inc.	United States	208,230	14,623,993
			40,230,615
Technology Hardware, Storage & Peripherals 0.3%			
Apple, Inc.	United States	23,400	3,199,248
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods 1.8%			
NIKE, Inc., B.	United States	214,484	21,920,265
Trading Companies & Distributors 1.1%			
WW Grainger, Inc.	United States	30,193	13,720,605
Total Common Stocks (Cost \$502,165,040)			1,225,232,667
Short Term Investments 1.6%			
	Country	Shares	Value
Money Market Funds 1.6%			
^{a,b} Institutional Fiduciary Trust - Money Market Portfolio, 0.895%	United States	19,561,827	19,561,827
Total Money Market Funds (Cost \$19,561,827)			19,561,827
Total Short Term Investments (Cost \$19,561,827)			19,561,827
Total Investments (Cost \$521,726,867) 100.1%			\$1,244,794,494
Other Assets, less Liabilities (0.1)%			(325,147)
Net Assets 100.0%			\$1,244,469,347

^a See Note 3(e) regarding investments in affiliated management investment companies.

^b The rate shown is the annualized seven-day effective yield at period end.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

June 30, 2022 (unaudited)

	Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund
Assets:	
Investments in securities:	
Cost - Unaffiliated issuers	\$502,165,040
Cost - Non-controlled affiliates (Note 3e)	19,561,827
Value - Unaffiliated issuers	\$1,225,232,667
Value - Non-controlled affiliates (Note 3e)	19,561,827
Cash	7,771
Receivables:	
Capital shares sold	306,114
Dividends	954,918
Total assets	<u>1,246,063,297</u>
Liabilities:	
Payables:	
Capital shares redeemed	434,359
Management fees	672,502
Distribution fees	244,070
Reports to shareholders fees	195,943
Trustees' fees and expenses	626
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	46,450
Total liabilities	<u>1,593,950</u>
Net assets, at value	<u>\$1,244,469,347</u>
Net assets consist of:	
Paid-in capital	\$400,337,095
Total distributable earnings (losses)	844,132,252
Net assets, at value	<u>\$1,244,469,347</u>
	Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund
Class 1:	
Net assets, at value	<u>\$107,822,750</u>
Shares outstanding	<u>4,161,680</u>
Net asset value and maximum offering price per share	<u>\$25.91</u>
Class 2:	
Net assets, at value	<u>\$1,073,009,003</u>
Shares outstanding	<u>43,126,620</u>
Net asset value and maximum offering price per share	<u>\$24.88</u>
Class 4:	
Net assets, at value	<u>\$63,637,594</u>
Shares outstanding	<u>2,552,846</u>
Net asset value and maximum offering price per share	<u>\$24.93</u>

Statement of Operations

for the six months ended June 30, 2022 (unaudited)

	Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund
Investment income:	
Dividends:	
Unaffiliated issuers	\$12,439,398
Non-controlled affiliates (Note 3e)	14,648
Total investment income	<u>12,454,046</u>
Expenses:	
Management fees (Note 3a)	4,564,429
Distribution fees: (Note 3c)	
Class 2	1,577,291
Class 4	117,555
Custodian fees (Note 4)	4,021
Reports to shareholders fees	46,011
Professional fees	32,868
Trustees' fees and expenses	7,759
Other	15,978
Total expenses	<u>6,365,912</u>
Expense reductions (Note 4)	(21)
Expenses waived/paid by affiliates (Note 3e)	<u>(29,864)</u>
Net expenses	<u>6,336,027</u>
Net investment income	<u>6,118,019</u>
Realized and unrealized gains (losses):	
Net realized gain (loss) from:	
Investments:	
Unaffiliated issuers	<u>118,355,251</u>
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on:	
Investments:	
Unaffiliated issuers	<u>(418,011,696)</u>
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	<u>(299,656,445)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	<u>\$(293,538,426)</u>

Statements of Changes in Net Assets

	Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund	
	Six Months Ended	Year Ended
	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
	(unaudited)	
Increase (decrease) in net assets:		
Operations:		
Net investment income	\$6,118,019	\$11,395,075
Net realized gain (loss)	118,355,251	171,565,322
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(418,011,696)	215,633,524
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	(293,538,426)	398,593,921
Distributions to shareholders:		
Class 1	(16,307,359)	(6,930,364)
Class 2	(157,005,061)	(59,905,574)
Class 4	(9,292,634)	(2,534,485)
Total distributions to shareholders	(182,605,054)	(69,370,423)
Capital share transactions: (Note 2)		
Class 1	7,193,331	(47,704,793)
Class 2	(28,055,959)	(136,274,181)
Class 4	13,547,660	9,216,825
Total capital share transactions	(7,314,968)	(174,762,149)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets	(483,458,448)	154,461,349
Net assets:		
Beginning of period	1,727,927,795	1,573,466,446
End of period	\$1,244,469,347	\$1,727,927,795

Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust (Trust) is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act) as an open-end management investment company, consisting of eighteen separate funds and applies the specialized accounting and reporting guidance in U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (U.S. GAAP). Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund (Fund) is included in this report. Shares of the Fund are generally sold only to insurance company separate accounts to fund the benefits of variable life insurance policies or variable annuity contracts. The Fund offers three classes of shares: Class 1, Class 2 and Class 4. Each class of shares may differ by its distribution fees, voting rights on matters affecting a single class and its exchange privilege.

The following summarizes the Fund's significant accounting policies.

a. Financial Instrument Valuation

The Fund's investments in financial instruments are carried at fair value daily. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Fund calculates the net asset value (NAV) per share each business day as of 4 p.m. Eastern time or the regularly scheduled close of the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE), whichever is earlier. Under compliance policies and procedures approved by the Trust's Board of Trustees (the Board), the Fund's administrator has responsibility for oversight of valuation, including leading the cross-functional Valuation Committee (VC). The Fund may utilize independent pricing services, quotations from securities and financial instrument dealers, and other market sources to determine fair value.

Equity securities listed on an exchange or on the NASDAQ National Market System are valued at the last quoted sale price or the official closing price of the day, respectively. Foreign equity securities are valued as of the close of trading on the foreign stock exchange on which the security is primarily traded, or as of 4 p.m. Eastern time. The value is then converted into its U.S. dollar equivalent at the foreign exchange rate in effect at 4 p.m. Eastern time on the day that the value of the security is determined. Over-the-counter (OTC) securities are valued within the range of the most recent quoted bid and ask prices. Securities that trade in multiple markets or on multiple exchanges are valued

according to the broadest and most representative market. Certain equity securities are valued based upon fundamental characteristics or relationships to similar securities.

Investments in open-end mutual funds are valued at the closing NAV.

The Fund has procedures to determine the fair value of financial instruments for which market prices are not reliable or readily available. Under these procedures, the Fund primarily employs a market-based approach which may use related or comparable assets or liabilities, recent transactions, market multiples, book values, and other relevant information for the investment to determine the fair value of the investment. An income-based valuation approach may also be used in which the anticipated future cash flows of the investment are discounted to calculate fair value. Discounts may also be applied due to the nature or duration of any restrictions on the disposition of the investments. Due to the inherent uncertainty of valuations of such investments, the fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had an active market existed.

Trading in securities on foreign securities stock exchanges and OTC markets may be completed before 4 p.m. Eastern time. In addition, trading in certain foreign markets may not take place on every Fund's business day. Events can occur between the time at which trading in a foreign security is completed and 4 p.m. Eastern time that might call into question the reliability of the value of a portfolio security held by the Fund. As a result, differences may arise between the value of the Fund's portfolio securities as determined at the foreign market close and the latest indications of value at 4 p.m. Eastern time. In order to minimize the potential for these differences, an independent pricing service may be used to adjust the value of the Fund's portfolio securities to the latest indications of fair value at 4 p.m. Eastern time.

When the last day of the reporting period is a non-business day, certain foreign markets may be open on those days that the Fund's NAV is not calculated, which could result in differences between the value of the Fund's portfolio securities on the last business day and the last calendar day of the reporting period. Any security valuation changes due to an open foreign market are adjusted and reflected by the Fund for financial reporting purposes.

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund (continued)

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

b. Foreign Currency Translation

Portfolio securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the exchange rate of such currencies against U.S. dollars on the date of valuation. The Fund may enter into foreign currency exchange contracts to facilitate transactions denominated in a foreign currency. Purchases and sales of securities, income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the transaction date. Portfolio securities and assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies contain risks that those currencies will decline in value relative to the U.S. dollar. Occasionally, events may impact the availability or reliability of foreign exchange rates used to convert the U.S. dollar equivalent value. If such an event occurs, the foreign exchange rate will be valued at fair value using procedures established and approved by the Board.

The Fund does not separately report the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates from changes in market prices on securities held. Such changes are included in net realized and unrealized gain or loss from investments in the Statement of Operations.

Realized foreign exchange gains or losses arise from sales of foreign currencies, currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions and the difference between the recorded amounts of dividends, interest, and foreign withholding taxes and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually received or paid. Net unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses arise from changes in foreign exchange rates on foreign denominated assets and liabilities other than investments in securities held at the end of the reporting period.

c. Income and Deferred Taxes

It is the Fund's policy to qualify as a regulated investment company under the Internal Revenue Code. The Fund intends to distribute to shareholders substantially all of its taxable income and net realized gains to relieve it from federal income and if applicable, excise taxes. As a result, no provision for U.S. federal income taxes is required.

The Fund may be subject to foreign taxation related to income received, capital gains on the sale of securities and certain foreign currency transactions in the foreign jurisdictions in which it invests. Foreign taxes, if any, are recorded based on the tax regulations and rates that exist in the foreign markets in which the Fund invests. When a capital gain tax is determined to apply, the Fund records an estimated deferred tax liability in an amount that would be payable if the securities were disposed of on the valuation date.

The Fund may recognize an income tax liability related to its uncertain tax positions under U.S. GAAP when the uncertain tax position has a less than 50% probability that it will be sustained upon examination by the tax authorities based on its technical merits. As of June 30, 2022, the Fund has determined that no tax liability is required in its financial statements related to uncertain tax positions for any open tax years (or expected to be taken in future tax years). Open tax years are those that remain subject to examination and are based on the statute of limitations in each jurisdiction in which the Fund invests.

d. Security Transactions, Investment Income, Expenses and Distributions

Security transactions are accounted for on trade date. Realized gains and losses on security transactions are determined on a specific identification basis. Estimated expenses are accrued daily. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date except for certain dividends from securities where the dividend rate is not available. In such cases, the dividend is recorded as soon as the information is received by the Fund. Distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Distributable earnings are determined according to income tax regulations (tax basis) and may differ from earnings recorded in accordance with U.S. GAAP. These differences may be permanent or temporary. Permanent differences are reclassified among capital accounts to reflect their tax character. These reclassifications have no impact on net assets or the results of operations. Temporary differences are not reclassified, as they may reverse in subsequent periods.

Common expenses incurred by the Trust are allocated among the Funds based on the ratio of net assets of each Fund to the combined net assets of the Trust or based on the ratio of number of shareholders of each Fund to the

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund (continued)

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

d. Security Transactions, Investment Income, Expenses and Distributions (continued)

combined number of shareholders of the Trust. Fund specific expenses are charged directly to the Fund that incurred the expense.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses and net investment income, excluding class specific expenses, are allocated daily to each class of shares based upon the relative proportion of net assets of each class. Differences in per share distributions by class are generally due to differences in class specific expenses.

e. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

f. Guarantees and Indemnifications

Under the Trust's organizational documents, its officers and trustees are indemnified by the Trust against certain liabilities arising out of the performance of their duties to the Trust. Additionally, in the normal course of business, the Trust, on behalf of the Fund, enters into contracts with service providers that contain general indemnification clauses. The Trust's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Trust that have not yet occurred. Currently, the Trust expects the risk of loss to be remote.

2. Shares of Beneficial Interest

At June 30, 2022, there were an unlimited number of shares authorized (without par value). Transactions in the Fund's shares were as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022		Year Ended December 31, 2021	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Class 1 Shares:				
Shares sold	136,372	\$4,470,721	244,064	\$8,168,743
Shares issued in reinvestment of distributions	600,459	15,485,835	215,162	6,930,364
Shares redeemed	(424,760)	(12,763,225)	(1,798,891)	(62,803,900)
Net increase (decrease)	312,071	\$7,193,331	(1,339,665)	\$(47,704,793)
Class 2 Shares:				
Shares sold	3,777,242	\$124,208,143	1,868,187	\$60,306,863
Shares issued in reinvestment of distributions	6,338,516	157,005,061	1,926,844	59,905,574
Shares redeemed	(9,735,632)	(309,269,163)	(7,913,034)	(256,486,618)
Net increase (decrease)	380,126	\$(28,055,959)	(4,118,003)	\$(136,274,181)
Class 4 Shares:				
Shares sold	280,117	\$8,865,687	463,060	\$14,756,595
Shares issued in reinvestment of distributions	374,401	9,292,634	81,311	2,534,485
Shares redeemed	(147,061)	(4,610,661)	(249,162)	(8,074,255)
Net increase (decrease)	507,457	\$13,547,660	295,209	\$9,216,825

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund (continued)

3. Transactions with Affiliates

Franklin Resources, Inc. is the holding company for various subsidiaries that together are referred to as Franklin Templeton. Certain officers and trustees of the Fund are also officers and/or directors of the following subsidiaries:

Subsidiary	Affiliation
Franklin Advisers, Inc. (Advisers)	Investment manager
Franklin Templeton Services, LLC (FT Services)	Administrative manager
Franklin Distributors, LLC (Distributors)	Principal underwriter
Franklin Templeton Investor Services, LLC (Investor Services)	Transfer agent

a. Management Fees

The Fund pays an investment management fee, calculated daily and paid monthly, to Advisers based on the average daily net assets of the Fund as follows:

Annualized Fee Rate	Net Assets
0.750%	Up to and including \$500 million
0.625%	Over \$500 million, up to and including \$1 billion
0.500%	Over \$1 billion, up to and including \$5 billion
0.490%	In excess of \$5 billion

For the period ended June 30, 2022, the annualized gross effective investment management fee rate was 0.628% of the Fund's average daily net assets.

b. Administrative Fees

Under an agreement with Advisers, FT Services provides administrative services to the Fund. The fee is paid by Advisers based on the Fund's average daily net assets, and is not an additional expense of the Fund.

c. Distribution Fees

The Board has adopted distribution plans for Class 2 and Class 4 shares pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. Under the Fund's compensation distribution plans, the Fund pays Distributors for costs incurred in connection with the servicing, sale and distribution of the Fund's shares up to 0.35% per year of its average daily net assets of each class. The Board has agreed to limit the current rate to 0.25% per year for Class 2. The plan year, for purposes of monitoring compliance with the maximum annual plan rates, is February 1 through January 31.

d. Transfer Agent Fees

Investor Services, under terms of an agreement, performs shareholder servicing for the Fund and is not paid by the Fund for the services.

e. Investments in Affiliated Management Investment Companies

The Fund invests in one or more affiliated management investment companies. As defined in the 1940 Act, an investment is deemed to be a "Controlled Affiliate" of a fund when a fund owns, either directly or indirectly, 25% or more of the affiliated fund's outstanding shares or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such fund. The Fund does not invest for purposes of exercising a controlling influence over the management or policies. Management fees paid by the Fund are waived on assets invested in the affiliated management investment companies, as noted in the Statement of Operations, in an amount not to exceed the management and administrative fees paid directly or indirectly by each affiliate. During the period ended June 30, 2022, the Fund held investments in affiliated management investment companies as follows:

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund (continued)

3. Transactions with Affiliates (continued)

e. Investments in Affiliated Management Investment Companies (continued)

	Value at Beginning of Period	Purchases	Sales	Realized Gain (Loss)	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	Value at End of Period	Number of Shares Held at End of Period	Investment Income
Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund								
Non-Controlled Affiliates								
								Dividends
Institutional Fiduciary Trust - Money Market Portfolio, 0.895%	\$19,398,008	\$252,022,008	\$(251,858,189)	\$—	\$—	\$19,561,827	19,561,827	\$14,648
Total Affiliated Securities . . .	\$19,398,008	\$252,022,008	\$(251,858,189)	\$—	\$—	\$19,561,827		\$14,648

4. Expense Offset Arrangement

The Fund has entered into an arrangement with its custodian whereby credits realized as a result of uninvested cash balances are used to reduce a portion of the Fund's custodian expenses. During the period ended June 30, 2022, the custodian fees were reduced as noted in the Statement of Operations.

5. Income Taxes

At June 30, 2022, the cost of investments and net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for income tax purposes were as follows:

Cost of investments	\$524,270,736
Unrealized appreciation	\$732,264,308
Unrealized depreciation	(11,740,549)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	<u>\$720,523,759</u>

Differences between income and/or capital gains as determined on a book basis and a tax basis are primarily due to differing treatment of corporate actions.

6. Investment Transactions

Purchases and sales of investments (excluding short term securities for the period ended June 30, 2022, aggregated \$91,208,701 and \$269,493,485, respectively.

7. Geopolitical Risk

On February 24, 2022, Russia engaged in military actions in the sovereign territory of Ukraine. The current political and financial uncertainty surrounding Russia and Ukraine may increase market volatility and the economic risk of investing in securities in these countries and may also cause uncertainty for the global economy and broader financial markets. The ultimate fallout and long-term impact from these events are not known. The Fund will continue to assess the impact on valuations and liquidity and will take any potential actions needed in accordance with procedures approved by the Board.

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund (continued)

8. Novel Coronavirus Pandemic

The global outbreak of the novel coronavirus disease, known as COVID-19, has caused adverse effects on many companies, sectors, nations, regions and the markets in general, and may continue for an unpredictable duration. The effects of this pandemic may materially impact the value and performance of the Fund, its ability to buy and sell fund investments at appropriate valuations and its ability to achieve its investment objectives.

9. Credit Facility

The Fund, together with other U.S. registered and foreign investment funds (collectively, Borrowers), managed by Franklin Templeton, are borrowers in a joint syndicated senior unsecured credit facility totaling \$2.675 billion (Global Credit Facility) which matures on February 3, 2023. This Global Credit Facility provides a source of funds to the Borrowers for temporary and emergency purposes, including the ability to meet future unanticipated or unusually large redemption requests.

Under the terms of the Global Credit Facility, the Fund shall, in addition to interest charged on any borrowings made by the Fund and other costs incurred by the Fund, pay its share of fees and expenses incurred in connection with the implementation and maintenance of the Global Credit Facility, based upon its relative share of the aggregate net assets of all of the Borrowers, including an annual commitment fee of 0.15% based upon the unused portion of the Global Credit Facility. These fees are reflected in other expenses in the Statement of Operations. During the period ended June 30, 2022, the Fund did not use the Global Credit Facility.

10. Fair Value Measurements

The Fund follows a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) and the Fund's own market assumptions (unobservable inputs). These inputs are used in determining the value of the Fund's financial instruments and are summarized in the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments
- Level 2 – other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar financial instruments, interest rates, prepayment speed, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3 – significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of financial instruments)

The input levels are not necessarily an indication of the risk or liquidity associated with financial instruments at that level.

At June 30, 2022, all of the Fund's investments in financial instruments carried at fair value were valued using Level 1 inputs. For detailed categories, see the accompanying Schedule of Investments.

11. New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2022, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2022-03, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) – Fair Value Measurement of Equity Securities Subject to Contractual Sale Restrictions. The amendments in the ASU clarify that a contractual restriction on the sale of an equity security is not considered part of the unit of account of the equity security and, therefore, should not be considered in measuring fair value. The ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, with the option of early adoption. Management is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of applying this ASU.

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund (continued)

12. Subsequent Events

The Fund has evaluated subsequent events through the issuance of the financial statements and determined that no events have occurred that require disclosure.

Index Descriptions

The indexes are unmanaged and include reinvestment of any income or distributions. They do not reflect any fees, expenses or sales charges. One cannot invest directly in an index, and an index is not representative of the Fund's portfolio. Net Returns (NR) include income net of tax withholding when dividends are paid.

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See www.franklintempletondatasources.com for additional data provider information.

Bloomberg 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index measures the performance of U.S. Treasury bills that have a remaining maturity of greater than or equal to one month and less than three months. Treasuries, if held to maturity, offer a fixed rate of return and a fixed principal value; their interest payments and principal are guaranteed.

Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index measures the performance of the investment-grade, U.S. dollar-denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market. The index includes Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities, mortgage-backed securities (agency fixed-rate and hybrid adjustable-rate mortgage pass-throughs), asset-backed securities and commercial mortgage-backed securities (agency and nonagency).

Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Bond Index measures the performance of the investment-grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. It includes U.S. dollar-denominated securities publicly issued by U.S. and non-U.S. industrial, utility and financial issuers.

Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield Bond Index measures the performance of the U.S. dollar-denominated, high-yield, fixed-rate corporate bond market. Securities are classified as high yield if the middle rating of Moody's, Fitch and Standard & Poor's is Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below. Bonds from issuers with an emerging markets (EM) country of risk, based on Bloomberg EM country definition, are excluded.

Bloomberg U.S. Government - Intermediate Index is the intermediate component of the Bloomberg U.S. Government Index, which includes U.S. dollar-denominated, fixed-rate, nominal U.S. Treasuries and U.S. agency debentures (securities issued by U.S. government-owned or government-sponsored entities, and debt explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government).

Bloomberg U.S. High Yield Very Liquid Index is a component of the U.S. Corporate High Yield Index that is designed to track a more liquid component of the U.S. dollar-denominated, high-yield, fixed-rate corporate bond market.

Bloomberg U.S. Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS) Index tracks the performance of fixed-rate agency mortgage-backed pass-through securities guaranteed by Ginnie Mae (GNMA), Fannie Mae (FNMA) and Freddie Mac (FHLMC). Effective June 1, 2017, hybrid adjustable-rate mortgages were removed from the index.

Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Index measures the performance of U.S. dollar-denominated, fixed-rate, nominal debt issued by the U.S. Treasury with at least one year until final maturity. Treasuries, if held to maturity, offer a fixed rate of return and a fixed principal value; their interest payments and principal are guaranteed.

FTSE® EPRA®/NAREIT® Developed Index is a free float-adjusted index designed to measure the performance of publicly traded real estate securities in the North American, European and Asian real estate markets.

FTSE World Government Bond Index measures the performance of fixed-rate, local currency, investment-grade sovereign bonds and is stated in U.S. dollar terms.

J.P. Morgan (JPM) Global Government Bond Index (GGBI) tracks total returns for liquid, fixed-rate, domestic government bonds with maturities greater than one year issued by developed countries globally.

MSCI All Country Asia Index-NR is a free float-adjusted, market capitalization-weighted index designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets in Asia.

MSCI All Country World Index (ACWI)-NR is a free float-adjusted, market capitalization-weighted index designed to measure the equity market performance of global developed and emerging markets.

MSCI All Country World Index (ACWI) ex USA Index-NR is a free float-adjusted, market capitalization-weighted index designed to measure the equity market performance of global developed and emerging markets, excluding the U.S.

MSCI Emerging Markets (EM) Index-NR is a free float-adjusted, market capitalization-weighted index designed to measure the equity market performance of global emerging markets.

MSCI Europe Index-NR is a free float-adjusted, market capitalization-weighted index designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets in Europe.

MSCI USA High Dividend Yield Index is based on the MSCI USA Index, its parent index, and includes large- and mid-capitalization stocks. The index is designed to reflect the performance of equities in the parent index (excluding real estate investment trusts) with higher dividend income and quality characteristics than average dividend yields that are both sustainable and persistent.

MSCI USA Index is designed to measure the performance of the large- and mid-capitalization segments of the U.S. market. With 627 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float adjusted market capitalization in the U.S.

MSCI World ex USA Index-NR is a free float-adjusted, market capitalization-weighted index designed to measure the equity market performance of global developed markets, excluding the U.S.

MSCI World Value Index-NR is a free float-adjusted, market capitalization-weighted index designed to measure the performance of stocks exhibiting overall value style characteristics in global developed markets.

Russell 1000® Growth Index is market capitalization weighted and measures the performance of those Russell 1000® Index companies with relatively higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth rates.

Russell 1000® Index is market capitalization weighted and measures the performance of the approximately 1,000 largest companies in the Russell 3000® Index, which represents the majority of the U.S. market's total capitalization.

Russell 1000® Value Index is market capitalization weighted and measures the performance of those Russell 1000® Index companies with relatively lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth rates.

Russell 2000® Index is market capitalization weighted and measures the performance of the approximately 2,000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000® Index that represent a small amount of the total market capitalization of the Russell 3000® Index.

Russell 2000® Value Index is market capitalization weighted and measures the performance of those Russell 2000® Index companies with relatively lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth rates.

Russell 2500™ Index is market capitalization weighted and measures the performance of the approximately 2,500 smallest companies in the Russell 3000® Index that represent a modest amount of the Russell 3000® Index's total market capitalization.

Russell 3000® Index is market capitalization weighted and measures the performance of the largest 3,000 U.S. companies representing the majority of the U.S. market's total capitalization.

Russell Midcap® Growth Index is market capitalization weighted and measures the performance of those Russell Midcap® Index companies with relatively higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth rates.

Russell Midcap® Index is market capitalization weighted and measures the performance of the approximately 800 smallest companies in the Russell 1000® Index that represent a modest amount of the Russell 1000® Index's total market capitalization.

Standard & Poor's® 500 Index (S&P 500®) is a market capitalization-weighted index of 500 stocks designed to measure total U.S. equity market performance.

Shareholder Information

Board Approval of Investment Management Agreements

FRANKLIN TEMPLETON VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS TRUST

Franklin Allocation VIP Fund
Franklin DynaTech VIP Fund
Franklin Global Real Estate VIP Fund
Franklin Growth and Income VIP Fund
Franklin Income VIP Fund
Franklin Large Cap Growth VIP Fund
Franklin Mutual Global Discovery VIP Fund
Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund
Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund
Franklin Small Cap Value VIP Fund
Franklin Small-Mid Cap Growth VIP Fund
Franklin Strategic Income VIP Fund
Franklin U.S. Government Securities VIP Fund
Franklin VolSmart Allocation VIP Fund
Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund
Templeton Foreign VIP Fund
Templeton Global Bond VIP Fund
Templeton Growth VIP Fund
 (each a Fund)

At an in-person meeting held on April 12, 2022 (Meeting), the Board of Trustees (Board) of Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust (Trust), including a majority of the trustees who are not “interested persons” as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940 (Independent Trustees), reviewed and approved the continuance of the (i) investment management agreement between Franklin Advisers, Inc. (FAV) and the Trust, on behalf of each of Franklin Allocation VIP Fund, Franklin DynaTech Growth VIP Fund, Franklin Growth and Income VIP Fund, Franklin Income VIP Fund, Franklin Large Cap Growth VIP Fund, Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund, Franklin Small-Mid Cap Growth VIP Fund, Franklin Strategic Income VIP Fund, Franklin U.S. Government Securities VIP Fund, Franklin VolSmart Allocation VIP Fund, and Templeton Global Bond VIP Fund; (ii) the investment sub-advisory agreement between FAV and Franklin Templeton Institutional, LLC (FTIL), an affiliate of FAV, on behalf of Franklin Allocation VIP Fund; (iii) the investment sub-advisory agreement between FAV and Templeton Global Advisors Limited (TGAL), an affiliate of FAV, on behalf of Franklin Allocation VIP Fund; (iv) the investment sub-advisory agreement between FAV and Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC (BGIM), an affiliate of FAV, on behalf of Franklin Allocation VIP Fund; (v) the investment sub-advisory agreement between FAV

and ClearBridge Investments, LLC (CIL), an affiliate of FAV, on behalf of Franklin Allocation VIP Fund; (vi) the investment sub-advisory agreement between FAV and Western Asset Management Company, LLC (WAMC), an affiliate of FAV, on behalf of Franklin Allocation VIP Fund; (vii) the investment sub-advisory agreement between FAV and Western Asset Management Company Limited (WAMCL), an affiliate of FAV, on behalf of Franklin Allocation VIP Fund; (viii) the investment management agreement between FTIL and the Trust, on behalf of Franklin Global Real Estate VIP Fund; (ix) the investment management agreement between Franklin Mutual Advisers, LLC (FMA) and the Trust, on behalf of each of Franklin Mutual Global Discovery VIP Fund, Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund and Franklin Small Cap Value VIP Fund; (x) the investment management agreement between Templeton Asset Management Ltd. (TAML) and the Trust, on behalf of Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund; (xi) the investment sub-advisory agreement between TAML and Franklin Templeton Investment Management Ltd. (FTIML), on behalf of Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund; (xii) the investment management agreement between Templeton Investment Counsel, LLC (TICL) and the Trust, on behalf of Templeton Foreign VIP Fund; and (xiii) the investment management agreement between TGAL and the Trust, on behalf of Templeton Growth VIP Fund (each a Management Agreement) for an additional one-year period. The Independent Trustees received advice from and met separately with Independent Trustee counsel in considering whether to approve the continuation of each Management Agreement. Although the Management Agreements for the Funds were considered at the same Board meeting, the Board considered the information provided to it about the Funds together and with respect to each Fund separately as the Board deemed appropriate. BGIM, CIL, FAV, FTIL, FTIML, FMA, TAML, TICL, TGAL, WAMC and WAMCL are each referred to herein as a Manager.

In considering the continuation of each Management Agreement, the Board reviewed and considered information provided by each Manager at the Meeting and throughout the year at meetings of the Board and its committees. The Board also reviewed and considered information provided in response to a detailed set of requests for information submitted to each Manager by Independent Trustee counsel on behalf of the Independent Trustees in connection with the annual contract renewal process. In addition, prior to the Meeting, the Independent Trustees held a virtual contract renewal meeting at which the Independent Trustees first conferred amongst themselves and Independent Trustee counsel about contract renewal matters; and then met

with management to request additional information that the Independent Trustees reviewed and considered at the Meeting. The Board reviewed and considered all of the factors it deemed relevant in approving the continuance of each Management Agreement, including, but not limited to: (i) the nature, extent and quality of the services provided by each Manager; (ii) the investment performance of each Fund; (iii) the costs of the services provided and profits realized by each Manager and its affiliates from the relationship with each Fund; (iv) the extent to which economies of scale are realized as each Fund grows; and (v) whether fee levels reflect these economies of scale for the benefit of Fund investors.

In approving the continuance of each Management Agreement, the Board, including a majority of the Independent Trustees, determined that the terms of each Management Agreement are fair and reasonable and that the continuance of such Management Agreement is in the best interests of the applicable Fund and its shareholders. While attention was given to all information furnished, the following discusses some primary factors relevant to the Board's determination.

Nature, Extent and Quality of Services

The Board reviewed and considered information regarding the nature, extent and quality of investment management services provided by each Manager and its affiliates to the Funds and their shareholders. This information included, among other things, the qualifications, background and experience of the senior management and investment personnel of each Manager; as well as information on succession planning where appropriate; the structure of investment personnel compensation; oversight of third-party service providers; investment performance reports and related financial information for each Fund; reports on expenses and shareholder services; legal and compliance matters; risk controls; pricing and other services provided by each Manager and its affiliates; and management fees charged by each Manager and its affiliates to US funds and other accounts, including management's explanation of differences among accounts where relevant. The Board also reviewed and considered an annual report on payments made by Franklin Templeton (FT) or the Funds to financial intermediaries, as well as a memorandum relating to third-party servicing arrangements, which included discussion of the changing distribution landscape for the Funds. The Board acknowledged the ongoing integration of the Legg Mason family of funds into the FT family of funds and developing strategies to address areas of heightened concern in the mutual fund industry, including various regulatory initiatives and recent geopolitical concerns.

The Board also reviewed and considered the benefits provided to Fund shareholders of investing in a fund that is part of the FT family of funds. The Board noted the financial position of Franklin Resources, Inc. (FRI), the Managers' parent, and its commitment to the mutual fund business as evidenced by its reassessment of the fund offerings in response to the market environment and project initiatives and capital investments relating to the services provided to the Funds by the FT organization. The Board specifically noted FT's commitment to being a global leader in stewardship and sustainability and the recent addition of a senior executive focused on environmental, social and governance and climate control initiatives.

Following consideration of such information, the Board was satisfied with the nature, extent and quality of services provided by each Manager and its affiliates to the Funds and their shareholders.

Fund Performance

The Board reviewed and considered the performance results of each Fund over various time periods ended January 31, 2022. The Board considered the performance returns for each Fund in comparison to the performance returns of mutual funds deemed comparable to the Fund included in a universe (Performance Universe) selected by Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. (Broadridge), an independent provider of investment company data. The Board received a description of the methodology used by Broadridge to select the mutual funds included in a Performance Universe. The Board also reviewed and considered Fund performance reports provided and discussions that occurred with portfolio managers at Board meetings throughout the year. A summary of each Fund's performance results is below.

Franklin Allocation VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Fund included the Fund and all mixed-asset target allocation growth funds underlying variable insurance products (VIPs). The Board noted that the Fund's annualized income return for the one-, three-, five- and 10-year periods was above the median of its Performance Universe. The Board also noted that the Fund's annualized total return for the one-, three-, five- and 10-year periods was below the median of its Performance Universe. The Board discussed the Fund's performance with management and management explained that the Fund maintains a strategic equity asset allocation that is on the lower end of its peers that comprise the Performance Universe, which has negatively impacted the Fund's relative returns in a risk-on market environment in recent years. Management reminded the Board that, effective May 1, 2019, the Fund was repositioned to a direct investment fund with an actively managed allocation strategy which is not reflected in the Fund's longer-term performance.

Management then discussed with the Board the actions that are being taken in an effort to address the sources of the Fund's underperformance, including enhancements made to the Fund's investment strategies. The Board concluded that the Fund's Management Agreement should be continued for an additional one-year period, and management's efforts should continue to be closely monitored.

Franklin Income VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Fund included the Fund and all flexible portfolio funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that the Fund's annualized income return for the one-, three-, five- and 10-year periods was above the median of its Performance Universe. The Board also noted that the Fund's annualized total return for the one- and 10-year periods was above the median of its Performance Universe, but for the three- and five-year periods was below the median of its Performance Universe. The Board considered the income-related attributes of the Fund (such as a fund's investment objective and/or investment strategy) and that the evaluation of the Fund's performance relative to its peers on an income return basis was appropriate given the Fund's income-related attributes and investor expectations. The Board concluded that the Fund's performance was satisfactory.

Franklin Strategic Income VIP Fund and Franklin U.S. Government Securities VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Franklin Strategic Income VIP Fund included the Fund and all multi-sector income funds underlying VIPs. The Performance Universe for the Franklin U.S. Government Securities VIP Fund included the Fund and all intermediate US government funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that each Fund's annualized income return for the one-, three-, five- and 10-year periods was above the median of its respective Performance Universe. The Board also noted that each Fund's annualized total return for the three-, five- and 10-year periods was below the median of its respective Performance Universe, but for the one-year period was above the median of the Fund's respective Performance Universe. The Board further noted the Franklin U.S. Government Securities VIP Fund's conservative policy of investing substantially all of its assets in Ginnie Mae obligations. The Board considered the income-related attributes of each Fund (such as a fund's investment objective and/or investment strategy) and that the evaluation of the Fund's performance relative to its peers on an income return basis was appropriate given the Fund's income-related attributes and investor expectations. The Board concluded that each Fund's performance was satisfactory.

Templeton Global Bond VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Fund included the Fund and all global income funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that the Fund's annualized income return for the three-, five- and 10-year periods was above the median of its Performance Universe, but for the one-year period was below the median of its Performance Universe. The Board also noted that the Fund's annualized total return for the three-, five-, and 10-year periods was below the median of its Performance Universe, but for the one-year period was equal to the median of its Performance Universe. The Board discussed this performance with management and management explained that the Fund's relative underperformance in comparison to its Performance Universe over the three- and five-year reporting periods was largely due to the Fund's performance in 2019 and 2020. Management further explained that the underperformance was driven by the Fund's defensive positioning amid the pandemic, which restrained the Fund's participation in the risk asset rallies in the second half of 2020. Management also explained that the Fund's long exposure to emerging market local currency assets and short exposure to US Treasury duration during the three- and five-year reporting periods detracted from the Fund's relative performance versus the Performance Universe. Management further explained that after vaccines were approved toward the end of 2020 management significantly repositioned the Fund's strategies back towards risk allocations and expanded on that risk positioning throughout 2021, emphasizing specific currencies against the US dollar and the euro, as well as local currency bonds in a select set of emerging markets. Management further explained the steps the portfolio management team is taking in an effort to improve the Fund's peer rankings across all reporting periods and reduce the impact of the Fund's relative underperformance in 2019 and 2020. The Board noted management's continued confidence in the Fund's portfolio management team, commitment to an enhanced investment process for the benefit of Fund shareholders and commitment to have ongoing conversations with the Board regarding management's strategies for addressing the performance of the global macro funds as a whole. Based on the foregoing, the Board concluded that the Fund's Management Agreement should be continued for an additional one-year period, and that management's efforts and the recent improved performance of the Fund should continue to be closely monitored.

Franklin Growth and Income VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Fund included the Fund and all equity income funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that the Fund's annualized income return and annualized total return for the one-, three-, five- and 10-year periods were above the medians of its Performance Universe. The Board concluded that the Fund's performance was satisfactory.

Franklin DynaTech VIP Fund, Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund, Templeton Foreign VIP Fund and Templeton Growth VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Franklin DynaTech VIP Fund included the Fund and all large-cap growth funds underlying VIPs. The Performance Universe for the Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund included the Fund and all multi-cap value funds underlying VIPs. The Performance Universe for the Templeton Foreign VIP Fund included the Fund and all international multi-cap value funds underlying VIPs. The Performance Universe for the Templeton Growth VIP Fund included the Fund and all global multi-cap value funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that each Fund's annualized total return for the one-, three-, five and 10-year periods was below the median of its respective Performance Universe. The Board further noted that, effective May 1, 2021, the Franklin DynaTech VIP Fund changed its name, investment strategy, and primary benchmark to align with the Franklin DynaTech Fund and that it would need more time to assess the implication of these changes on Fund performance.

The Board also noted management's explanation that the Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund's underperformance in 2017 was material and continues to adversely impact the Fund's ranking over longer-term periods. Management reminded the Board of the primary factors that impacted the 2017 performance, including, among factors, exposure to non-US equities and stock selection. Management explained that the Fund has a more value oriented tilt and underweight position in US securities as compared to its Performance Universe, both of which detracted from the Fund's relative performance during a period of historic and sustained outperformance of growth over value. Management further explained that key detractors from the Fund's three-year performance included the Fund's stock selection in the financials and industrials sectors and the Fund's underweight position in the industrials sector. Management reviewed with the Board ongoing enhancements to the Fund's investment team and processes in an effort to improve performance.

The Board discussed Templeton Foreign VIP Fund's performance with management and management explained the Fund's relative performance over the reporting periods was negatively impacted by the Fund's overweight positions in cash and the information technology and energy sectors,

and underweight positions in the financials, consumer staples and communication services sectors as compared to the Performance Universe. Management then noted that the Fund outperformed its benchmark, the MSCI All Country World ex-US Index-NR, for the one-year period, more than doubling the gains of the index. Management discussed with the Board the actions that are being taken in an effort to improve the performance of the Fund and the global equity funds as a whole. Management specifically highlighted the strategic initiatives being undertaken in the Templeton Global Equity Group, including enhancements to the leadership of the group and the commitment of additional resources important to delivering sustainable returns.

The Board discussed Templeton Growth VIP Fund's performance with management and management explained that the Fund's relative performance over the reporting periods was negatively impacted by the Fund's overweight positions in cash and the consumer discretionary sector and underweight position in the financials sector as compared to the Performance Universe. Management also explained that the Fund's one-year relative underperformance was primarily attributable to stock-specific weakness and underweight allocations in the US market and the information technology sector. Management then discussed with the Board the actions that are being taken in an effort to improve the performance of the Fund and the global equity funds as a whole. Management specifically highlighted the strategic initiatives being undertaken in the Templeton Global Equity Group, including enhancements to the leadership of the group and the commitment of additional resources important to delivering sustainable returns.

The Board concluded that the Funds' Management Agreements should be continued for an additional one-year period, and management's efforts should continue to be closely monitored.

Franklin Global Real Estate VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Fund included the Fund and all global real estate funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that the Fund's annualized total return for the one- and 10-year periods was above the median of its Performance Universe, but for the three- and five-year periods was below the median of its Performance Universe. The Board further noted that, while below the median, the Fund's three- and five-year annualized total returns were 7.98% and 7.55%, respectively. The Board concluded that the Fund's performance was satisfactory.

Franklin Large Cap Growth VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Franklin Large Cap Growth VIP Fund included the Fund and all multi-cap growth funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that the Fund's annualized total return for the one-, three- and five-year periods was above the median of its Performance Universe, but for the 10-year period was below the median of its Performance Universe. The Board concluded that the Fund's performance was satisfactory.

Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund and Franklin Small Cap Value VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund included the Fund and all emerging markets funds underlying VIPs. The Performance Universe for the Franklin Small Cap Value VIP Fund included the Fund and all small-cap value funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that each Fund's annualized total return for the three-, five and 10-year periods was above the median of its respective Performance Universe, but for the one-year period was below the median of its respective Performance Universe (noting the one-year annualized total return for the Franklin Small Cap Value VIP Fund exceeded 20%). The Board concluded that each Fund's performance was satisfactory.

Franklin Mutual Global Discovery VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Fund included the Fund and all global multi-cap value funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that the Fund's annualized total return for the one-, three- and 10-year periods was above the median of its Performance Universe, but for the five-year period was below the median of its Performance Universe. The Board concluded that the Fund's performance was satisfactory.

Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Fund included the Fund and all large-cap core funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that the Fund's annualized total return for the one- and three-year periods was above the median of its Performance Universe, but for the five- and 10-year periods was below the median of its Performance Universe. The Board further noted that, while below the median, the Fund's five- and 10-year annualized total returns were 15.42% and 13.68%, respectively. The Board concluded that the Fund's performance was satisfactory.

Franklin VolSmart Allocation VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Fund included the Fund and all flexible portfolio funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that the Fund incepted on April 1, 2013 and has been in operation for less than 10 years. The Board further noted that its annualized total return for the one-, three- and five-year periods was above the median and in the first quintile (best)

of its Performance Universe. The Board also noted that its annualized income return for the one- and three-year periods was above the median of its Performance Universe, but for the five-year period was below the median of its Performance Universe. The Board concluded that the Fund's performance was satisfactory.

Franklin Small-Mid Cap Growth VIP Fund - The Performance Universe for the Fund included the Fund and all mid-cap growth funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that the Fund's annualized total return for the one- and 10-year periods was below the median of its Performance Universe, but for the three- and five-year periods was above the median of its Performance Universe and exceeded 16.35%. The Board concluded that the Fund's performance was acceptable.

Comparative Fees and Expenses

The Board reviewed and considered information regarding each Fund's actual total expense ratio and its various components, including, as applicable, management fees; transfer agent expenses; underlying fund expenses; Rule 12b-1 and non-Rule 12b-1 service fees; and other non-management fees. The Board also noted the quarterly and annual reports it receives on all marketing support payments made by FT to financial intermediaries. The Board considered the actual total expense ratio and, separately, the contractual management fee rate, without the effect of fee waivers, if any (Management Rate) of each Fund in comparison to the median expense ratio and median Management Rate, respectively, of other mutual funds deemed comparable to and with a similar expense structure to the Fund selected by Broadridge (Expense Group). Broadridge fee and expense data is based upon information taken from each fund's most recent annual or semi-annual report, which reflects historical asset levels that may be quite different from those currently existing, particularly in a period of market volatility. While recognizing such inherent limitation and the fact that expense ratios and Management Rates generally increase as assets decline and decrease as assets grow, the Board believed the independent analysis conducted by Broadridge to be an appropriate measure of comparative fees and expenses. The Broadridge Management Rate includes administrative charges. The Board received a description of the methodology used by Broadridge to select the mutual funds included in an Expense Group.

Franklin Allocation VIP Fund, Franklin Growth and Income VIP Fund, Franklin Income VIP Fund, Franklin Small Cap Value VIP Fund, Templeton Global Bond VIP Fund, Franklin DynaTech VIP Fund, Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund and Franklin Small-Mid Cap Growth VIP Fund - The

Expense Group for the Franklin Allocation VIP Fund included the Fund and 10 other mixed-asset target allocation growth funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Franklin Growth and Income VIP Fund included the Fund and 11 other equity income funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Franklin Income VIP Fund included the Fund and 11 other flexible portfolio funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Franklin Small Cap Value VIP Fund included the Fund and eight other small-cap value funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Templeton Global Bond VIP Fund included the Fund and 10 other global income funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Franklin DynaTech VIP Fund included the Fund and 12 other large-cap growth funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Franklin Rising Dividends VIP Fund included the Fund and 11 other large-cap core funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Franklin Small-Mid Cap Growth VIP Fund included the Fund and 11 other mid-cap growth funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that the Management Rate and actual total expense ratio for each Fund were below the medians of its respective Expense Group. The Board also noted that the Franklin Allocation VIP Fund, Franklin DynaTech VIP Fund and Franklin Growth and Income VIP Fund's actual total expense ratio reflected a fee waiver from management. The Board further noted that the Franklin Allocation VIP Fund's sub-advisers are paid by FAV out of the management fee FAV receives from the Fund and that the allocation of the fee between FAV and each sub-adviser reflected the services provided by each to the Fund. After consideration of the above, the Board concluded that the Management Rate charged to each Fund and the sub-advisory fee paid to each sub-adviser of the Franklin Allocation VIP Fund are reasonable.

Franklin U.S. Government Securities VIP Fund - The Expense Group for the Fund included the Fund, three other intermediate US government funds underlying VIPs and 11 inflation-protected bond funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that the Management Rate for the Fund was below the median of its Expense Group, and the actual total expense ratio for the Fund was slightly above the median of its Expense Group. The Board concluded that the Management Rate charged to the Fund is reasonable.

Franklin Global Real Estate VIP Fund, Franklin Mutual Global Discovery VIP Fund, Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund, Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund, Templeton Growth VIP Fund, Templeton Foreign VIP Fund, Franklin Large Cap Growth VIP Fund, Franklin VolSmart Allocation VIP Fund and Franklin Strategic Income VIP Fund - The Expense Group for the Franklin Global Real Estate VIP Fund included the Fund and seven other global real estate

funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Franklin Mutual Global Discovery VIP Fund included the Fund, one other global multi-cap value fund underlying VIPs, two global multi-cap core funds underlying VIPs, and two global multi-cap growth funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund included the Fund and 12 other multi-cap value funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund included the Fund and 13 other emerging markets funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Templeton Growth VIP Fund included the Fund, one other global multi-cap value fund underlying VIPs, two global multi-cap core funds underlying VIPs, and two global multi-cap growth funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Templeton Foreign VIP Fund included the Fund, nine other international multi-cap value funds underlying VIPs and four international large-cap value funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Franklin Large Cap Growth VIP Fund included the Fund and 11 other multi-cap growth funds underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Franklin VolSmart Allocation VIP Fund included the Fund, three other flexible portfolio funds underlying VIPs, and three mixed-asset target allocation growth fund underlying VIPs. The Expense Group for the Franklin Strategic Income VIP Fund included the Fund and nine other multi-sector income funds underlying VIPs. The Board noted that the Management Rate and actual total expense ratio for each Fund were above the median of its respective Expense Group.

With respect to the Franklin Mutual Global Discovery VIP Fund, the Board noted management's explanation that the portfolio management team makes investments in the debt and equity of distressed companies and merger arbitrage securities that are specialized in nature and therefore require additional expertise and resources, whereas the Fund's Expense Group generally does not make such investments. With respect to the Franklin Large Cap Growth VIP Fund, Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund, Franklin Strategic Income VIP Fund and Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund, the Board noted that each Fund's Management Rate and actual total expense ratio were less than 5 basis points above the respective median of the Fund's Expense Group. With respect to each of the Templeton Foreign VIP Fund and the Templeton Growth VIP Fund, the Board noted management's explanation that the Expense Group for each Fund is not directly comparable to the Fund because funds that comprise the Expense Group have a higher allocation to domestic equity than the Fund. Management further explained that when each Fund is compared to a subset of its Expense Group that has a smaller allocation to domestic equity similar to the Fund, the Fund's actual total expense ratio is more aligned with peers. The Board

discussed with management the expenses of both of these Funds and management agreed to implement a reduction in the Management Rate for the Templeton Foreign VIP Fund and implement an expense cap on the Templeton Growth VIP Fund's actual total expense ratio of 0.87%, effective May 1, 2022. The Board also noted that the Franklin VolSmart Allocation VIP Fund's actual total expense ratio reflected a fee waiver from management. The Board further noted that the Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund's sub-adviser is paid by TAML out of the management fee TAML receives from the Fund and that the allocation of the fee between TAML and the sub-adviser reflected the services provided by each to the Fund. After consideration of the above, the Board concluded that the Management Rate charged to each Fund and the sub-advisory fee paid to the Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund's sub-adviser are reasonable.

Profitability

The Board reviewed and considered information regarding the profits realized by each Manager and its affiliates in connection with the operation of each Fund. In this respect, the Board considered the Fund profitability analysis that addresses the overall profitability of FT's US fund business, as well as its profits in providing investment management and other services to each of the individual funds during the 12-month period ended September 30, 2021, being the most recent fiscal year-end for FRI. The Board noted that although management continually makes refinements to its methodologies used in calculating profitability in response to organizational and product-related changes, the overall methodology has remained consistent with that used in the Funds' profitability report presentations from prior years. The Board also noted that PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, auditor to FRI and certain FT funds, has been engaged to periodically review and assess the allocation methodologies to be used solely by the Funds' Board with respect to the profitability analysis.

The Board noted management's belief that costs incurred in establishing the infrastructure necessary for the type of mutual fund operations conducted by each Manager and its affiliates may not be fully reflected in the expenses allocated to each Fund in determining its profitability, as well as the fact that the level of profits, to a certain extent, reflected operational cost savings and efficiencies initiated by management. As part of this evaluation, the Board considered management's outsourcing of certain operations, which effort has required considerable up-front expenditures by the Managers but, over the long run is expected to result in greater efficiencies. The Board also noted management's expenditures in improving shareholder services provided to

the Funds, as well as the need to implement systems and meet additional regulatory and compliance requirements resulting from recent US Securities and Exchange Commission and other regulatory requirements.

The Board also considered the extent to which each Manager and its affiliates might derive ancillary benefits from fund operations, including revenues generated from transfer agent services, potential benefits resulting from personnel and systems enhancements necessitated by fund growth, as well as increased leverage with service providers and counterparties. Based upon its consideration of all these factors, the Board concluded that the level of profits realized by each Manager and its affiliates from providing services to each Fund was not excessive in view of the nature, extent and quality of services provided to each Fund.

Economies of Scale

The Board reviewed and considered the extent to which each Manager may realize economies of scale, if any, as each Fund grows larger and whether each Fund's management fee structure reflects any economies of scale for the benefit of shareholders. With respect to possible economies of scale, the Board noted the existence of management fee breakpoints for each Fund (except for the Franklin Allocation VIP Fund and the Franklin VolSmart Allocation VIP Fund), which operate generally to share any economies of scale with a Fund's shareholders by reducing the Fund's effective management fees as the Fund grows in size. The Board considered management's view that any analyses of potential economies of scale in managing a particular fund are inherently limited in light of the joint and common costs and investments each Manager incurs across the FT family of funds as a whole. The Board concluded that to the extent economies of scale may be realized by each Manager and its affiliates, each Fund's management fee structure (except for the Franklin Allocation VIP Fund and the Franklin VolSmart Allocation VIP Fund) provided a sharing of benefits with the Fund and its shareholders as the Fund grows. The Board recognized that there would not likely be any economies of scale for the Franklin DynaTech VIP Fund, Franklin Global Real Estate VIP Fund, Franklin Growth and Income VIP Fund, Franklin Large Cap Growth VIP Fund and Franklin VolSmart Allocation VIP Fund until each Fund's assets grow. The Board also recognized that given the decline in assets over the past three calendar years for each of the Franklin Income VIP Fund, Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund, Franklin Strategic Income VIP Fund, Franklin U.S. Government Securities VIP Fund, Templeton Global Bond VIP Fund and Templeton Growth VIP Fund, these Funds are not expected to experience additional economies of scale in the foreseeable future. The Board concluded that

to the extent economies of scale may be realized by each Manager and its affiliates, each Fund's management fee structure provided a sharing of benefits with the Fund and its shareholders as the Fund grows.

Conclusion

Based on its review, consideration and evaluation of all factors it believed relevant, including the above-described factors and conclusions, the Board unanimously approved the continuation of each Management Agreement for an additional one-year period.

Liquidity Risk Management Program

Each Fund has adopted and implemented a written Liquidity Risk Management Program (the "LRMP") as required by Rule 22e-4 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "Liquidity Rule"). The LRMP is designed to assess and manage each Fund's liquidity risk, which is defined as the risk that the Fund could not meet requests to redeem shares issued by the Fund without significant dilution of remaining investors' interests in the Fund. In accordance with the Liquidity Rule, the LRMP includes policies and procedures that provide for: (1) assessment, management, and review (no less frequently than annually) of each Fund's liquidity risk; (2) classification of each Fund's portfolio holdings into one of four liquidity categories (Highly Liquid, Moderately Liquid, Less Liquid, and Illiquid); (3) for Funds that do not primarily hold assets that are Highly Liquid, establishing and maintaining a minimum percentage of the Fund's net assets in Highly Liquid investments (called a "Highly Liquid Investment Minimum" or "HLIM"); and (4) prohibiting the Fund's acquisition of Illiquid investments that would result in the Fund holding more than 15% of its net assets in Illiquid assets. The LRMP also requires reporting to the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") (on a non-public basis) and to the Board if the Fund's holdings of Illiquid assets exceed 15% of the Fund's net assets. Funds with HLIMs must have procedures for addressing HLIM shortfalls, including reporting to the Board and, with respect to HLIM shortfalls lasting more than seven consecutive calendar days, reporting to the SEC (on a non-public basis).

The Director of Liquidity Risk within the Investment Risk Management Group (the "IRMG") is the appointed Administrator of the LRMP. The IRMG maintains the Investment Liquidity Committee (the "ILC") to provide oversight and administration of policies and procedures governing liquidity risk management for Franklin Templeton and Legg Mason products and portfolios. The ILC includes representatives from Franklin Templeton's Risk, Trading, Global Compliance, Legal, Investment Compliance,

Investment Operations, Valuation Committee, Product Management and Global Product Strategy.

In assessing and managing each Fund's liquidity risk, the ILC considers, as relevant, a variety of factors, including the Fund's investment strategy and the liquidity of its portfolio investments during both normal and reasonably foreseeable stressed conditions; its short and long-term cash flow projections; and its cash holdings and access to other funding sources including the Funds' interfund lending facility and line of credit. Classification of the Fund's portfolio holdings in the four liquidity categories is based on the number of days it is reasonably expected to take to convert the investment to cash (for Highly Liquid and Moderately Liquid holdings) or sell or dispose of the investment (for Less Liquid and Illiquid investments), in current market conditions without significantly changing the investment's market value.

Each Fund primarily holds liquid assets that are defined under the Liquidity Rule as "Highly Liquid Investments," and therefore is not required to establish an HLIM. Highly Liquid Investments are defined as cash and any investment reasonably expected to be convertible to cash in current market conditions in three business days or less without the conversion to cash significantly changing the market value of the investment.

At meetings of the Funds' Board of Trustees held in May 2022, the Program Administrator provided a written report to the Board addressing the adequacy and effectiveness of the program for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Program Administrator report concluded that (i.) the LRMP, as adopted and implemented, remains reasonably designed to assess and manage each Fund's liquidity risk; (ii.) the LRMP, including the Highly Liquid Investment Minimum ("HLIM") where applicable, was implemented and operated effectively to achieve the goal of assessing and managing each Fund's liquidity risk; and (iii.) each Fund was able to meet requests for redemption without significant dilution of remaining investors' interests in the Fund.

Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

The Trust's investment manager has established Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures (Policies) that the Trust uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities. Shareholders may view the Trust's complete Policies online at franklintempleton.com. Alternatively, shareholders may request copies of the Policies free of charge by calling the Proxy Group collect at (954) 527-7678 or by sending a written request to: Franklin Templeton Companies, LLC, 300 S.E. 2nd Street, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301, Attention: Proxy Group. Copies of the Trust's

proxy voting records are also made available online at franklintempleton.com and posted on the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's website at sec.gov and reflect the most recent 12-month period ended June 30.

Quarterly Schedule of Investments

The Trust files a complete schedule of investments with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission for the first and third quarters for each fiscal year as an exhibit to its report on Form N-PORT. Shareholders may view the filed Form N-PORT by visiting the Commission's website at sec.gov. The filed form may also be viewed and copied at the Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. Information regarding the operations of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling (800) SEC-0330.

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Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust (FTVIP) shares are not offered to the public; they are offered and sold only to: (1) insurance company separate accounts (Separate Account) to serve as the underlying investment vehicle for variable contracts; (2) certain qualified plans; and (3) other mutual funds (funds of funds).

Authorized for distribution to investors in Separate Accounts only when accompanied or preceded by the current prospectus for the applicable contract, which includes the Separate Account and the FTVIP prospectuses. Investors should carefully consider a fund's investment goals, risks, charges and expenses before investing. The prospectus contains this and other information; please read it carefully before investing.

To help ensure we provide you with quality service, all calls to and from our service areas are monitored and/or recorded.



**FRANKLIN
TEMPLETON**

**Semiannual Report
Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust**

Investment Managers

Franklin Advisers, Inc.
Franklin Mutual Advisers, LLC
Franklin Templeton Institutional, LLC
Templeton Asset Management Ltd.
Templeton Global Advisors Limited
Templeton Investment Counsel, LLC

Fund Administrator

Franklin Templeton Services, LLC

Distributor

Franklin
Distributors, LLC